

CLASS V
Subject : Geography

For 04.05.2020

Topic – The Green Earth

Let us continue with the topic Natural Vegetation of India:

Some of the important trees of our forests are:

- TEAK- These are large and broad leaved trees mainly found in the forests of Central India. Their wood is hard and durable and is used for making furniture.
- SAL - These are very tall trees. They are found from the Kangra Valley in North India to the river Godavari in South India. Their leaves are used to make disposable plates.
- SANDAL- These trees are known for their scented wood. They are found in Karnataka. Perfumes, incense and handicrafts are made from this wood.
- PINE AND FIR- These are tall, straight and evergreen trees with needle-like leaves. They are found in the mountainous regions of North India. Resin from these trees is used in the manufacture of paints.
- BAMBOO- Bamboo grows to a great height. Young plants can be eaten by people and animals. Bamboo is also used to build houses and make ladders and paper.
- MANGROVES- The largest mangrove forests are found in the Sundarbans in the Ganga delta (West Bengal). The forest is named after the sundari trees found here.

Read more about these trees in internet with the help of your parents and see pictures of these trees.

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From the above mentioned information and with the help of your Atlas (page 46) answer the following questions:

1. Write one use of the teak tree.
2. Where are sal trees found in India?
3. Write two uses of sandal wood.
4. Which tree is used in paper making?
5. Mark the state in your Atlas where sandal wood is found (use pencil).
6. Mark Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh known for pine and fir (use pencil).
7. Mark the state in India where the largest mangrove forests are found (in your Atlas).
